Reception **Spring Autumn** Summer Mv Musical Classroom **Musical Patterns and Performina** Sound stories Music is full of patterns! This term begins with activities designed to get The term begins with activities perfect for getting the class settled into From simple singing games to wiggly snail trails, this term begins school life! The children will learn simple welcome songs and have fun children recognizing musical patterns in songs and music. They will add with opportunities to tell playful stories using voices and tuned actions to match song lyrics, play listening games to develop recall of sound working as a class to create simple actions to accompany songs and instruments. Heading outdoors is encouraged with musical sequences, and have fun exploring music-and-movement patterns through nursery rhymes. They will learn to follow musical instructions and storytelling inspired by the natural environment. From sound sticks to songs such as The Mouse And The Giant. The children will develop explore creative movement – jumping like a jack-in-the-box or dancing journey sticks, the children will learn to create musical patterns, using their recognition of classroom percussion instruments, using them to like a rock 'n' roll teddy bear! Active listening activities are used natural objects as a musical score. Listening choices also reflect the play simple accompaniments and simple rhythm patterns. They will also throughout the term and the children will experience a range of outdoors theme – the perfect opportunity to learn about instruments begin to explore ways to change sounds and create simple patterns, e.g. music from West African dance to the sound of Norwegian ice made from wood such as the didgeridoo, the log drum, the courting flute playing loudly, quietly, slowly or quickly. Composing music inspired instruments! As the term progresses, they will learn to recognize simple and temple blocks. An introduction to **musical timbre** is explored through by transport, machines and robots provides an opportunity to classroom percussion instruments and compare their sounds. They will fairy-tale characters as the children learn to associate characters with explore descriptive sounds and to develop an understanding of pictorial compose simple sound sequences and represent them using objects and instruments – they might even meet them at a Fairytale Tea Party! They notations. From 'Fossils' (Carnival Of The Animals by Saint-Saëns) to Don't pictures. To round the term off, why not 'take a song for a walk' will explore the effect of layering instrumental sounds, developing an Stop Me Now (Freddie Mercury), every lesson has an active listening activity, by singing a song to different people and in different places in the understanding of **musical texture**. The story theme continues as children providing the children with regular opportunities to experience music through school? learn to use simple sound effects and pictorial notation to accompany a movement, dance, art or role-play. A simple performance is a fitting way to end the term. From a choice of activities, the children can create their own story or song. From a choice of activities, the children can retell The dances, perform the I Don't Want To Be A Frog's Egg story or learn Three Billy Goats Gruff, create a fairy-tale sound map, or create a a playground singing game to share with their school community. class song box for Come With Me To The Beach. Step 1: Pitch Play And Changing Sounds STEP 1: Hear My Voice Step 1: What's The Pattern STEP 2: Playing Musical Patterns And Accompaniments STEP 3: Sounds From Nature: Patterns And Sequence STEP 2: What's The Music Saying Lesson Plan Stretch, Flop, Jig And Lesson Plan Sound And Silence Lesson Plan Pass The Parcel Lesson Plan Journey Sticks esson Plan Musical Sticks **Lesson Plan Spider Beats** Rock Lesson Plan Nature And Sound Lesson Plan Jack-In-The-Box Lesson Plan Percussion Patterns Patterns STEP 3: Instruments Everywhere STEP 3: Exploring Descriptive Sounds STEP 3: Meet The Characters Lesson Plan Traffic Sounds Lesson Plan Come To The Party! Lesson Plan Who's In The Forest? Lesson Plan Spy An Instrument Lesson Plan Autumn Leaves Lesson Plan Train Music Lesson Plan Rockets, Robots, Lesson Plan Match The Instrument Lesson Plan Play The Rhythm Lesson Plan Join The Line **Monsters** STEP 4: Let's Perform STEP 4: Perform A Story! STEP 4: Playing With Songs Lesson Plan Story Sound Effects Lesson Plan Find That Rhyme! Lesson Plan Socks! Lesson Plan Movement Patterns Lesson Plan Frog Performance Lesson Plan Story Sound Maps Lesson Plan Make A Picture With Lesson Plan Take A Song For A Walk Lesson Plan Singing Games Lesson Plan Story Sound Boxes Shapes

Year 1/2 - Cycle A **Spring Autumn** Summer **Exploring** sounds High and Low – exploring pitch Move to the beat – exploring pulse and rhythm For children to understand pulse, they need to feel it and the songs and This term, the children will be identifying and describing pitch. They will This term, the children will be exploring how sounds can be produced in activities suggested for this term will help them do just that! This term, different ways using voices and instruments. They will listen to a variety explore the sounds created by a variety of different instruments and the children will learn to recognize pulse, matching movements to music. of music including Flight Of The Bumblebee and William Tell Overture, voices, describing their pitch and timbre. They will play simple listening They will explore percussion instruments and perform simple and will begin to recognize how composers use dynamics, tempo and games and identify simple pitch patterns in a range of songs and music, instrumental accompaniments to familiar songs. timbre to bring a character or theme to life! They will learn to sing recognizing when the pitch gets higher or lower. They will use a variety simple songs as a class, adding facial expressions and actions to enhance of tuned and untuned percussion instruments and compose simple The children will progress to copying and creating simple rhythm a performance. The children will **explore song lyrics** and use these as a sound effects to accompany sections of a story. They will compose pitch patterns, eventually using simple graphic notations to represent these basis for their own compositions. Working as a class and in small groups, patterns and represent these using **creative graphic notation** tools such sounds. Throughout the term, they will be introduced to a range of they will compose short sound sequences to tell a story or reflect a as pipe cleaners and coloured cubes! They will finish the term by music and create simple choreography for music such as Radetzky character and perform these to each other. They will learn to follow preparing songs and music for a class performance. March by Strauss and Mattachins by Peter Warlock, as well as learning musical instructions and invent their own musical notation to represent about different dance traditions such as South African Gumboot Dancing a sequence of sounds. and North Indian Kathak Dance. STEP 1: Exploring pulse through songs and movement Step 1: Exploring how sounds can be changed Step 1: Recognizing changes in pitch and copying simple pitch patterns STEP 3: Performing simple melodic patterns using voices and pitched STEP 2: Controlling pulse using voices and instruments STEP 2: Exploring the timbre of instruments and voices instruments Lesson Plan Climbing The Beanstalk Lesson Plan Move Together Lesson Plan Pass It On! Lesson Plan Musical Characters Lesson Plan Different Voices esson Plan Sound Effects Lesson Plan Our Big Band Lesson Plan Play To The Pulse Lesson Plan Unique Timbre Lesson Plan Sounds From Words Lesson Plan Songs With Percussion STEP 3: Exploring the difference between pulse and rhythm STEP 3: Sequencing sounds to tell stories and effects STEP 3: Representing Pitch Lesson Plan Playing Like Clockwork Lesson Plan March To The Beat Lesson Plan Create A Character Lesson Plan Character Motifs Lesson Plan Pipe Cleaners Lesson Plan Build A Melody Lesson Plan The Mouse And The Lesson Plan Body Rhythm STEP 4: Copying and creating rhythmic patterns STEP 4: Using graphic notation to represent sounds STEP 4: Creating music for a performance Lesson Plan Copy My Pattern Lesson Plan Inventing Notation Lesson Plan Musical Storyboards Lesson Plan Perfect Picnic Lesson Plan Show Time Lesson Plan Long Or Short? Lesson Plan A Spring Score Lesson Plan A Tiny Seed Lesson Plan Musical Sandwich

Year 1/2 - Cycle B						
Autumn		Spring		Summer		
Time to play – exploring pulse and rhythmic patterns From body percussion to disco music, this term develops children's understanding of pulse and rhythm. The term begins with songs and activities to get children performing together rhythmically. The children will perform actions and movements to a steady pulse and play simple musical passing games. They will learn songs such as March To The Beat to explore the difference between pulse and rhythm, and investigate different ways to play rhythms, varying instrumental timbre and dynamics. Working as a class and in small groups, the children will learn to play a simple accompaniment to a song or poem, selecting suitable sounds and timbre. They will learn to create simple four-beat rhythms and represent these using graphic notations such as Beat Monsters!		Musical moods and pictures This term how songs and music can communicate different moods and emotions. They will investigate different ways to express the mood of a song by adding facial expressions and changing the timbre and dynamics of their voice. They will develop their understanding of musical mood through simple songs, where they will be introduced to major and minor tonality. Throughout the term, the children will listen and talk about a wide variety of music including Can-Can from Orpheus in the Underworld by Offenbach and Fanfarra Cabua-Le-Le by Sergio Mendes/Carlinhos Brown. They will learn to represent the sounds they hear using graphic symbols and musical doodles! Working as a class and in small groups, they will compose and improvise music on the theme of weather. They will learn to give musical instructions, taking the role of a conductor in a small group performance. They will create descriptive sounds inspired by a song and create a simple soundscape.		Patterns with Pitch — exploring pitch and melody This term, the children will be exploring pitch and melody. From the octobass to the piccolo, they will find out about a variety of instruments and learn to describe their pitch and timbre. They will play simple listening games and recall a pitch sequence, recognizing where the pitch gets higher, lower or stays the same. Through a range of songs, they will develop their pitch-matching skills, performing them with actions and movement. They will learn to use their voices creatively, creating sounds to match graphic notations such as vocal story maps and pipe-cleaner notation. They will play simple melodies using tuned percussion and be introduced to the pentatonic scale with songs such as Just Five Notes. They will finish the term by preparing songs and music for a class performance.		
STEP 1: Performing rhythms and move	ement to a steady pulse	Step 1:		Step 1:		
Lesson Plan Exercise Rhythms	Lesson Plan Musical Instructions	Lesson Plan How Do You Feel?	Lesson Plan Musical Moods	Lesson Plan Pitch Doodles	Lesson Plan Pitch Perfect	
Lesson Plan Pass The Ball!	Lesson Plan Change!	Lesson Plan Walk Like This!		Lesson Plan High, Middle, Low		
STEP 2: Copying and creating rhythmic	STEP 2: Copying and creating rhythmic patterns		STEP 2:			
Lesson Plan Foodie Rhythms	Lesson Plan Song Tennis	Lesson Plan Peaceful Percussion	Lesson Plan Calm And Cross	Lesson Plan Up And Down	Lesson Plan Copy My Action	
Lesson Plan How Will You Play?	Lesson Plan Time For A Rest	Lesson Plan Musical Doodle Boards	Lesson Plan Scrape, Tap, Blow, Shake	Lesson Plan Vocal Story Maps		
Lesson Plan Have You Heard Me?						
STEP 3: Combining rhythmic patterns		STEP 3:		STEP 3:		
Lesson Plan Body Percussion	Lesson Plan We Can Play!	Lesson Plan Stormy Weather	Lesson Plan Weather Improvisation	Lesson Plan Just Five Notes	Lesson Plan Pentatonic Play	
Lesson Plan Combining Rhythms				Lesson Plan Step Or Leap?		
STEP 4: Representing rhythmic patterns		STEP 4:		STEP 4:		
Lesson Plan Choose Your Beat!	Lesson Plan Four Beat Patterns	Lesson Plan Spring Soundscapes	Lesson Plan Morning Soundscapes	Lesson Plan Summer Songs	Lesson Plan Songs Of The Sea	
Lesson Plan Meet The Beat Monsters!				Lesson Plan Meet The Dragons	Lesson Plan Show Time	

		Year 3/4	l – Cycle A		
Autumn		Spring		Summer	
Hear it, play it! Exploring rhythmic patterns		Painting pictures with sound		Sing, play, notate!	
This term, the children will be exploring rhythmic patterns. With activities designed to get everyone up and moving, the children will learn to identify rhythms and play them using body percussion, instruments and plastic cups! They will explore call-and-response techniques used in a range of songs and have fun creating their own call-and-response (question and answer) phrases. The children will develop their ensemble skills, learning to perform simple rhythmic ostinatos to accompany a song or poem. They will sing songs influenced by different musical styles such as Blues and Rock 'n' Roll and listen out for simple stylistic features in music such as Hound Dog by Elvis Presley and Rock Around The Clock by Bill Haley & His Comets. The children will move on to composing and notating simple rhythmic patterns using different forms of graphic notation.		Whether performing actions to match dynamics in Beethoven's 5th Symphony or creating doodles in response to Vivaldi's Winter from The Four Seasons, this term begins with activities designed to help children identify and describe the ingredients (dimensions) that make up music. The children will explore instruments, learning about instrumental timbres associated with different countries and use this knowledge to create simple accompaniments to songs such as We're Going Round The World. As the term moves on, the children will learn how to vary the dimensions of music to evoke mood and atmosphere. They will create suitable music to accompany song lyrics and poetry, as well as improvising a musical phone call to express a suggested mood! The term ends with an opportunity to compose music inspired by stories and settings. The children will create and organize layers of musical sound to create interesting textures and have fun representing these sounds using different forms of notation such as storyboards and composition wheels!		Whether it's hopping, leaping, ascending or descending, this term begins with songs and activities to get children listening and describing pitch and melody. Using their voice as an instrument, they can create simple soundscapes or develop solo singing with songs such as The Losing Things Song. The children will learn to represent melodies from songs such as Healthy Heart and Un, Deux, Trois, exploring different forms of graphic notation such as dots, coins and pipe cleaners! As the term moves on, the class will develop their knowledge of the pentatonic scale, singing songs and working in small groups to compose and improvise simple melodies.	
				The term ends with an opportunity to learn about performance . They will listen and compare versions of music such as <i>March Of The Trolls</i> by Grieg or <i>There's No Business Like Show Business</i> by Irving Berlin, learning how music can be arranged for different instruments and voices. And of course, an opportunity to perform to others is a vital ingredient of the term!	
STEP 1: Feeling the pulse and copying	rhythmic patterns	Step 1: Identifying the inter-related dimensions of music		Step 1: Describing and experimenting with pitch	
Lesson Plan Stretch, Stamp, Clap	Lesson Plan One Action Behind	Lesson Plan Dynamic Actions	Lesson Plan Dynamic Improvisation	Lesson Plan Farewell Melodies	Lesson Plan Identifying Pitch
Lesson Plan Find The Beat	Lesson Plan How Does The Rhythm Go?	Lesson Plan Musical Doodling		Lesson Plan Pass The Solo	Lesson Plan Park Soundscape
Lesson Plan I Can Play					
STEP 2: Exploring call and response		STEP 2: Accompanying songs with suitable timbre and expressions STEP 2: Representing pitch			
Lesson Plan Copy Cups	Lesson Plan Hear The Call	Lesson Plan We're Going Round The World	Lesson Plan Suitably Samba!	Lesson Plan Pipe Cleaner Notation	Lesson Plan Coin Notation
Lesson Plan Musical Jokes		Lesson Plan Musical Instructions		Lesson Plan Dotty Notation	Lesson Plan Dotty Call And Response
STEP 3: Performing a simple rhythmic	costinato	STEP 3: Creating sounds in response to a stimulus STEP 3: Exploring the pentatonic scale			
Lesson Plan Ostinato Blues	Lesson Plan Mystery Number	Lesson Plan Sound Actions	Lesson Plan Poetry In Motion	Lesson Plan Pentatonic Improvisation	Lesson Plan Try A Pentatonic Scale
Lesson Plan Human Drum Kit	Lesson Plan It's Wicked At Gran's	Lesson Plan Musical Phone Call		Lesson Plan Pentatonic Haiku	
STEP 4: Composing and notating rhythmic patterns		STEP 4: To compose music to communicate stories and settings		STEP 4: Performing songs with tuned accompaniments	
Lesson Plan Cube Notation	Lesson Plan Beat Monsters!	Lesson Plan Musical Stories	Lesson Plan Journey Into Space	Lesson Plan In Harmony	Lesson Plan Trip Trap Melody
Lesson Plan Christmas Improvisation		Lesson Plan The Sound Of The Wind	Lesson Plan Composition Wheels	Lesson Plan Melodic Ostinato	Lesson Plan Musical Interludes
				Lesson Plan Plan A Performance	

Year 3/4 – Cycle B						
Aut	umn	Spring		Summer		
Playing with rhythm – playing together and rhythmic		Musical Contrasts		Melody builders – exploring melodies and song		
Structures This term you can rustle up rhythm pizza and beatbox with Beardyman! Beginning with activities to get children performing together rhythmically, the children will learn to follow musical instructions and experience how it feels to be the conductor! Throughout the term, the children will develop their knowledge of rhythmic notation and use movement to express these concepts. They will have fun exploring songs such as Harvest Samba and will learn how music can be built by combining layers of rhythm. Developing ensemble skills is a key focus and the		Staccato or legato, forte or piano, major or minor - this term is all about musical contrasts. Beginning with songs and activities which explore different instrumental timbres, the children will learn how instruments can be grouped and classified in different ways. They will listen to music such as The Young Person's Guide To The Orchestra by Benjamin Britten and identify orchestral families (i.e. string, woodwind, brass, percussion). As well as comparing instrumental timbre, they will also learn to identify changes in tonality through singing songs such as The King's Feelings, as well as developing recognition of major and minor chords through simple listening games. Playing together as an ensemble is a key focus for the term. The children will learn to lead and follow musical instructions and understand the importance of keeping an eye on the conductor! They will explore contrasts between staccato and legato articulation when singing and playing and learn to vary dynamics, tempo, timbre and pitch through a Kandinsky-inspired improvisation! The children will end the term by developing their understanding of musical structure. With a selection of activities to choose from, they can create music in AB or rondo form or explore motifs with a game of Musical Top Trumps!		Structures The term begins with a range of songs and activities to get the children describing and internalizing pitch. As well as singing aloud, they will also learn to use their 'thinking voice', exploring games and songs such as That's The Way We're Put Together and Moving To The Music. From a pentatonic lucky dip to call-and-response melodies, the children will develop their composition and improvisation skills as they learn to create simple melodies using a given range of notes. As the term moves on, the children will compose and notate melodies using graphic and letter notation. They will identify how melodies can be organized in different ways, exploring cumulative structure in songs such as In The Jungle and identifying the use		
children will learn to stick to their own part in a group as well as thinking about ways to improve their group performances. The term ends with children composing music within a rhythmic framework with a selection of activities to choose from – the children could write new lyrics to a song, explore rhythm grid notation or create a class composition using rhythmic motifs.				of call and response in the Papageno/Papagena duet from The Magic Flute by Mozart. Using song structure as inspiration, the term ends with an opportunity to compose lyrics and create simple musical arrangements, preparing them for performance. From a choice of activities, the children can write a new verse for a song, create and notate performance directions to accompany sections of a song or plan a class performance.		
STEP 1: Copying rhythmic patterns and	d performing together	Step 1: Exploring instrumental timbre	and instrument families	Step 1: Describing and internalising pitch		
Lesson Plan One Action Behind	Lesson Plan Bouncy Waltz	Lesson Plan Instruments Of The Orchestra	Lesson Plan A Musical Journey	Lesson Plan Up And Down The Stairs	Lesson Plan Ascending Or Descending?	
Lesson Plan Call-And-Response Cups	Lesson Plan Rhythm Grids			Lesson Plan Thinking Voice	Missing Words	
STEP 2: Exploring notation		STEP 2: Exploring major and minor tonalities		STEP 2: Composing and improvising with a given range of notes		
Lesson Plan Introducing Note Values	Lesson Plan Recognising Note Lengths	Lesson Plan Major Or Minor?	Lesson Plan Melancholic Music	Lesson Plan Pentatonic Lucky Dip	Lesson Plan Call-And-Response Melodies	
Lesson Plan Rhythm Pizzas	Lesson Plan Four Beats In A Bar	Lesson Plan Major And Minor Call And Response		Lesson Plan Flowers In Spring		
STEP 3: Sticking to my part		STEP 3: Recognising and responding to musical instructions		STEP 3: Composing and notating melodies		
Lesson Plan Drum Away	Lesson Plan Samba Band	Lesson Plan Lead And Follow	Lesson Plan Scarfing Around	Lesson Plan Longer Than The Line Before!	Lesson Plan Leaping And Stepping!	
Lesson Plan More Mystery Numbers	Lesson Plan I Like	Lesson Plan Kandinsky Improvisation	Lesson Plan Sound Movement Improvisation	Lesson Plan Two-Bar Melodies	Lesson Plan Class Conducting	
STEP 4: Composing in a rhythmic framework		STEP 4: Composing in a structure		STEP 4: Exploring song structure and preparing for performance		
Lesson Plan This Is Me!	Lesson Plan Beatbox	Lesson Plan AB Structure	Lesson Plan Musical Antonyms	Lesson Plan Song Structure	Lesson Plan Songwriter	
Lesson Plan Festive Phrases	Lesson Plan Rhythmic Layers	Lesson Plan Catchy Chorus Returns	Lesson Plan Musical Top Trumps	Lesson Plan Lyrics	Lesson Plan Let's Perform!	
Lesson Plan Character Motifs						

Year 5/6 – Cycle A						
Autumn		Spring		Summer		
Rhythm builders — exploring rhythmic patterns This term the children will develop their understanding of rhythm and rhythmic notation. They will get to grips with time signatures, learning to 'feel' the difference between three and four beats in a bar. They will explore folk traditions such as Morris dancing and Basque dance and have fun creating and performing their own dances. From a Tabletop Percussion Machine to rhythmic motifs, learning to play rhythms expressively, is a focus for the term as the children will learn to choose suitable timbre and dynamics when playing and composing. They will also learn the importance of following the conductor! As the term moves on, they will learn how composers create interesting textures by combining layers of musical sound. They will identify the use of ostinato in pieces such as Bolero by Ravel and will use ostinato to accompany songs such as I Have A Song To Sing and Time For Everything, creating interesting polyrhythmic textures! The term ends by exploring ways to represent musical textures through notation. With a selection of activities to choose from, the children can explore rhythm grids or create a layered composition inspired by composers taking part in a video call!		Music and words This term is all about music and words! The children will brush up their Italiano, improvise musical conversations, scat like Ella Fitzgerald and compose music inspired by poetry! Songs such as Music Italiano and I'll Sing This Song will teach the class to recognize the inter-related dimensions of music as well as develop their understanding of Italian musical vocabulary. Through creative listening activities, the children will learn to represent expressive features of music in a graphic score and then use musical vocabulary to describe their creations! Improvisation skills will be developed through call-and-response activities where the children will create rhythmic and melodic patterns to a four-beat pulse. From the classical cadenza to the Be-bop scat of Ella Fitzgerald, the children will also develop an understanding of how improvisation has been used throughout musical history. Learning about musical styles such as jazz gives the class an opportunity to find out about influential musicians such as Louis Armstrong, and of course, it's the perfect reason to sing songs written in 'jazzy' style such as Jazz Is Cool, In The Band and Shoo-Be-Doo-Ah. The children will end the term by creating music inspired by lyrics, words and poetry, exploring techniques to establish mood and atmosphere.		Song ingredients — exploring melody, harmony and lyrics This term, the children will learn about the key ingredients used in songs: rhythm, melody, harmony and lyrics! They will begin to learn rounds and part songs such as School Is Nearly Over and I Got A Little Dog and identify how layers of melody can be combined to create a polyphonic texture. They will identify these features in music from the past and present, listening to traditional songs such as Frère Jacques and Three Country Dances In One, alongside contemporary music created and performed with a loop pedal! As the term progresses, they will develop their understanding of intervals, scales and chords and learn to notate pitches using staff and letter notation. Playing together as an ensemble remains a key focus and they will accompany song melodies using chords, drones and basslines. The term ends with a chance to explore the songwriting process. The children will learn how songs can reflect the time and place in which they are written, and may be sung to mark a social or cultural occasion. With a selection of activities to choose from, the children can write their own song inspired by the structure of Take A Major Scale, compose a school jingle or collaborate to write a song to celebrate their school community.		
STEP 1: Exploring time signatures and performing together		Step 1: Developing an understanding musical vocabulary	of the inter-related dimensions and	Step 1: Exploring melodic layers		
Lesson Plan Pass The Beanbag	Lesson Plan The Rhythm Of Life	Lesson Plan Musical Ingredients	Lesson Plan Italiano	Lesson Plan Round We Go	Lesson Plan Round And Round	
Lesson Plan Noodle Dance	Lesson Plan Elizabethan Dance	Lesson Plan Symbols And Colours	Lesson Plan Meet The Artists	Lesson Plan Layers		
Lesson Plan Hot Potato						
STEP 2: Performing rhythms expressive	ely	STEP 2: Improvising musical patterns STEP 2: Exploring scales, intervals and chords		ds		
Lesson Plan Colour Palette Dynamics	Lesson Plan Tabletop Percussion Machine	Lesson Plan Beat Improvisation	Lesson Plan Mind The Gap	Lesson Plan Melodies From Words	Lesson Plan Try A Triad	
Lesson Plan National Anthems	Lesson Plan Musical Motifs	Lesson Plan Musical Conversations	Lesson Plan Improvising Melodies	Lesson Plan Exploring Intervals	Lesson Plan Match The Chord To The Word	
STEP 3: Exploring rhythmic texture		STEP 3: Creating and playing harmonic accompaning baselines)		accompaniments (drones, chords and		
Lesson Plan Rhythmic Layers	Lesson Plan Rhythm Wall	Lesson Plan That's Jazz	Lesson Plan Scat Improvisation	Lesson Plan Drones And Melodies	Lesson Plan Now That's Called Harmony!	
Lesson Plan Watch The Conductor	Lesson Plan Syncopated Rhythms			Lesson Plan Playing With Chords	Lesson Plan Extraordinary Ensemble	
STEP 4: Creating and notating a musical texture		STEP 4: Composing and notating music inspired by lyrics and poetry		STEP 4: Combining lyrics, melody and harmony		
Lesson Plan Crazy Clapping Improvisations	Lesson Plan Video-Call Composition	Lesson Plan Volcano	Lesson Plan Word Work-Out!	Lesson Plan Jingle	Lesson Plan Lyrics And Melody	
Lesson Plan Recycled Rhythms		Lesson Plan Composing From Lyrics				

Year 5/6 – Cycle B						
Autumn		Spring		Summer		
We've got rhythm – rhythmic ideas and structure The term begins with an exploration of time signatures. Through songs and collaborative rhythm games, the class will get a feel for 6/8 rhythms and learn to identify changes in time signature and musical style in the song Take Five Styles. Performing rhythms expressively is a focus for the term and the children will explore rhythmic poems and songs such as Plastic Wrap and 1066 Rap. They will		Musical effects and moods Whether 'Mickey Mousing', singing like a Silly Donkey or creating a vocal firework display inspired by Tchaikovsky's 1812 Overture, the term begins with an opportunity to get creative with vocal and instrumental sounds. The children will develop improvisation skills, learning how to make subtle changes to vocal timbre as well as exploring dynamics, pitch, tempo and articulation to achieve effects. Songs such as Ear Warm and Crying Out For		Celebrating songs Whether they are listening out for that catchy hook, performing a chord progression, or composing the next hit song, this term the children will develop their knowledge of song ingredients! The children will learn how composers use the dimensions of music to communicate the message of a song as well as identify structural features such as verse, chorus and bridge. As the term progresses, they will learn		
experiment with vocal and instrumental effects by varying articulation, dynamics and timbre and learn to identify these features when listening to each other perform .		can create moods and atmosphere.		to identify and describe melodic patterns and sequences in songs, playing them by ear on melodic instruments. They can learn to identify chromatic melodies with songs such as <i>Happiness is Not</i> or compose and notate simple melodies inspired by <i>Ring</i>		
Throughout the term, the children will listen to rhythms from around the world such as djembe drumming from West Africa, Latin American rhythms such as tango, salsa and samba and Konnokal from South India. Using songs as inspiration, the children will learn to play polyrhythms and experiment with creating different polyrhythmic textures. The term ends with an opportunity to capture rhythmic ideas in a musical structure . From a choice of activities, the children can write a short rap, choreograph a routine with plastic cups or create a 16-beat (four bar) body percussion break to accompany the song, <i>Fiesta!</i>		communicate characters, settings, and moods, identifying and exploring techniques such as leitmotifs used by film composer, John Williams. As the term moves on, it's time to take		Out The Bells and London Bells. Ensemble playing remains a key focus and the children will develop their understanding of chords, learning to play simple chord progressions and basslines to accompany songs such as This Is The Blues or When We Celebrate. Throughout the term, the children will listen to a range of music from protest songs to royal fanfares and understand how composers find their inspiration from specific events and situations in the world. The term ends with a chance to create music for a specific occasion. With a selection of activities to choose from, the children can write a song of celebration, a leavers song or a school fanfare!		
STEP 1: Exploring time signatures and performing together		Step 1: Improvising and exploring voca	al and instrumental effects	Step 1: Investigating song ingredients		
Lesson Plan Rumpty Tumpty	Lesson Plan Pass The Pebble	Lesson Plan Sound Effects	Lesson Plan Mickey Mousing	Lesson Plan What's The Message?	Lesson Plan Song Structures	
Lesson Plan Cup Rhythms	Lesson Plan Mixed-Up Rhymes	Lesson Plan Fireworks!	Lesson Plan Articulate	Lesson Plan Song And Dance	Lesson Plan Song Detectives	
Lesson Plan Take Five Styles						
STEP 2: Performing rhythms expressiv	ely – solo and in small groups	STEP 2: Using harmony to create mood	ds and atmosphere	STEP 2: Exploring scales and sequences		
Lesson Plan Mad On Popping	Lesson Plan Plastic Wrap	Lesson Plan The Power Of Intervals	Lesson Plan Dark And Light	Lesson Plan The Bells!	Lesson Plan Clearly Chromatic	
Lesson Plan Quack, Twitter, Cluckety!	Lesson Plan Raps	Lesson Plan Unity And Discord		Lesson Plan Exploring Sequences	Lesson Plan Spot The Sequence!	
STEP 3: Performing polyrhythms with	expression	STEP 3: Exploring musical styles and performances skills STEP 3: Playing and of		STEP 3: Playing and creating chord sec	creating chord sequences and bass lines	
Lesson Plan African Drums	Lesson Plan Latin Rhythms	Lesson Plan On With The Show	Lesson Plan Take To The Stage	Lesson Plan This Is The Blues	Lesson Plan Leavers' Ensemble	
Lesson Plan Samba Rhythms		Lesson Plan In The Pit!	Lesson Plan Communicate With Your Audience	Lesson Plan Chord Changers	Lesson Plan Create A Chord	
STEP 4: Organizing Rhythmic Ideas In A Structure		STEP 4: Composing and performing music to create moods and atmosphere		STEP 4: Composing and performing music for an occasion		
Lesson Plan Write A Rap	Lesson Plan Cup Choreography	Lesson Plan Space Sounds In Sync	Lesson Plan One Actor, Many Roles	Lesson Plan Song Of Celebration	Lesson Plan Moving On	
Lesson Plan Body-Beat Composition		Lesson Plan Comedy Sound Effects	Lesson Plan Roller Coaster Ride!	Lesson Plan School Fanfare		
		Lesson Plan Silent Film				